Speech at International Seminar on Juche Idea in Pyongyang

Russia and DPRK in Van of Struggle for Building Just and Peaceful World Order

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At present, a process for establishing a more righteous and new world order, that is called the multipolar world, is being promoted actively.

The process is objective and global, but it is often undergone under the acute struggle against the forces of the outdated unipolar world based on the hegemony of the Western group headed by the US.

What makes the progressive people carry out with success the struggle to lay the basis for a new world order despite many difficulties and challenges?

Of course, there may be many factors. But the main thing is the idea of independence.

The Juche idea which is the idea of independence, was founded and further developed in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK).

This idea has become widely known in many countries and they regard it as an attractive

one.

Herein lies a guarantee and basis that has enabled the DPRK to build a prosperous sovereign state with success for 77 years.

Let us just brief the recent 35-year history when the period of a unipolar world has come under the protection of the US after the USSR disappeared.

The West, who gained possibilities to realize their unilateral strategy for hegemony without any trouble, set it as an essential and major task to eliminate sovereign states remaining in the world and made hasty, tenacious and resolute moves to do so.

For the regime change, they introduced skillfully-fabricated "colour revolution" in Gruziya, Kyrgyz, Ukraine and other states that came into being after the dissolution of the USSR.

A large-scale operation, The Arab Spring, was carried out in the Middle East, which resulted in the regime changes in Tunisia, Egypt, Yemen and many other Arab countries.

In cases when a state system was very solid and stable and ready to successfully deal with internal threats, the West resorted to outrageous military strength without hesitation in order to eliminate the state system.

Bloody military interventions in such countries as Yugoslavia, Iraq, Afghanistan, Libya and Syria were made one after another.

As is known, most of such operations of destruction were successful for the West.

Failures in the 20-year long military intervention in Afghanistan and the colour revolution in Uzbekistan in 2005 were exceptional ones.

We know well that the DPRK has been the main target of the ambition of aggression which the US has pursued persistently.

Historically, the DPRK's absolute and independent domestic and foreign policies and lines have irritated Washington strongly.

Plans for eliminating the DPRK have been fabricated ceaselessly and concrete attempts made several times to obliterate the DPRK.

This can be fully proved by the 1950-1953 Korean War, the "1993-1994 1st nuclear crisis", the fact that the Bush II administration included the DPRK as well as Iraq and Iran in the axis of evils in 2002 and the fact that Donald Trump threatened the DPRK with a nuclear attack in 2017.

There must be a question why the DPRK is not moved by the Western allied forces.

The answer is clear. In short, it is because the Juche idea advanced the indomitable revolutionary line of maintaining sovereignty and independence in all aspects.

President Kim Il Sung, a great thinker and leader, not only authored the Juche idea which is a powerful and comprehensive one, but wisely explored the rational ways to apply it in practice peculiar to the DPRK.

As a result, independence in politics, self-supporting in the economy and self-reliant in national defence were completely realized not in words but in reality.

By developing the Juche idea creatively, the DPRK's outstanding leaders, President Kim II Sung, Chairman Kim Jong II and the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un turned the DPRK into an impregnable fortress with powerful nuclear missiles and developed the national economy despite the all-out sanctions as it had done in the period of COVID-19

crisis.

It is not surprising that the examples and experiences created by the DPRK have become more and more attractive in the world.

As is known already, after V. V. Putin came to power in 1999, Russia firmly held fast to independence in domestic and foreign policies and began to uncompromisingly defend the aspirations of the countries in "the Global South and East", which occupy the majority of the world, to establish a new and just world order and the national interests of its own.

Coincidence in the interests and decisiveness in their execution served as an important factor that made Russia and the DPRK sign the treaty on comprehensive strategic partnership in June 2024.

The document becomes one of the legal factors for ensuring many purposes of both sides and at the same time for establishing the multipolar world order.

Russia put forward the theory of a new world order and put it into practice with confidence.

The BRICS and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization hold an important position in the process of building a just new world.

Russian President Putin stressed at the BRICS summit meeting held in Brazil in 2025 that "Fundamental changes are brought about in the world. The system of unipolar international relations that served the interests of the so-called golden billions, has become the past and a more just multipolar world will take place of it."

Noting that the process of changing the world economic system is hastened steadily, the Russian president also mentioned that "Everything proves that the model of free globalization has already lived out its days. The centre of the "economic boom" moves towards the market of developing countries and thus rapid growth is being achieved in those countries that joined the BRICS."

Analyzing important features of the new international relations system, Vladimir Putin highlighted that complete equality of the member countries is the main one.

According to the view of the Russian President, the multipolar world has been already outlined and this means that all countries should have equal rights instead of meaning that any new hegemonic state should come into being. He said that Russia makes positive efforts in doing so with its counterpart countries and called upon the international community to settle imbalances in trade through dialogue.

According to Russian foreign minister Sergei Lavrov, this has become clear in recent years in which COVID-19 spreads, individual countries enforce illegal independent sanctions and utilize the dollar as their weapon. There is negative data that the debt burdens increase. According to data cited by Lavrov, the number of states with the debt limit has increased from 22 to 59 since 2011. Even developed countries have failed to solve this knotty problem. The US' state debt has already reached up to 37 trillion \$US and it is on a steady increase.

The Russian foreign minister said:

"That is why it is not surprising that the majority of the world is interested in establishing a development system which does not rely on the West. The countries in the southern and the eastern regions of the world are the main motive forces of world economic growth. The role of such regional alliances as the African Union, the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States (CELAC), the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN), the Shanghai Cooperation Organization, the Eurasia Economic Union is being enhanced."

Russia is confident that the multipolar world has begun to be practically formed more positively since 2018. The multipolar world spreads democracy in international relations against dictatorship and hegemony which the West tries to keep. But the resistance against the process of forming the multipolar world is strong.

Western countries conspire to maintain their influence by using blackmail, pressure and sanctions. They also abuse the role of the dollars. Tariff wars enforced by the US against other countries have nothing to do with the defending of legal interests of the West in the world economy and politics. It is only a way of controlling their rivals.

The US and its allies regard it as one of the methods for their hegemony to rapidly strengthen their organizations and reform the military bloc system. About the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), its expansion into East Asia is also included in them. The Americans do not disguise that they are interested in expanding their strength into the Asia-Pacific region which they specially call the "Indo-Pacific region". However, in reality, all these "Indo-Pacific strategies" aim to check China and isolate Russia, collapse the open and many-sided cooperation organizations in Southeast Asia and move NATO's military infrastructure to the Far Eastern regions including the South Sea of China, the Straits of Taiwan and the Korean Peninsula. "Quadruple alliance" and "triple

alliance" are being founded. The "Triple alliance" (US, Japan and the ROK) has already planned to stage ever more forceful war exercises in the vicinity of the Korean Peninsula and the DPRK. Furthermore, nuclear weapons have appeared already in the exercises staged by the military forces of the US and the ROK. This is fearful. The AUKUS (US, UK and Australia), the triple alliance, fabricated to build a nuclear submarine for Australia and its acts do not coincide with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT).

There are many points in question which are under consideration. NATO's active infiltration (NATO plans to institute somewhat NATO's special mission in Japan) into Japan is also one of them.

In order to successfully promote the programme for establishing a just and new peaceful world order against the aggression of the West, all countries should rely on the firm world outlook based on the Juche idea and the principle of independence, equality and sovereignty mapped out in Russia.

Both the leadership of the DPRK and Russia are deeply interested in these matters.

Similarity in the world outlook of Moscow and Pyongyang who intend to hold independence both in theory and practice, enables the two countries to be the ones of a few countries that have become completely independent in the present world and, as a result, the two countries have become advanced ones which lead the majority of the world people to the building of a multipolar world.